APPLYING ICER ASSESSMENTS IN NEW YORK COULD LIMIT PATIENTS’ ACCESS TO MEDICINES

If New York Medicaid relied on one-size-fits-all value assessments like those conducted by the Institute for Clinical and Economic Review (ICER), it could put patient access to medicines in jeopardy, including for diseases like cancer and multiple sclerosis.

81,532 prescriptions per year could face restrictions if New York’s Medicaid program used an ICER-like standard.

PRESCRIPTIONS THAT MAY BE SUBJECT TO ACCESS RESTRICTIONS UNDER AN ICER-BASED FORMULARY IN NEW YORK’S MEDICAID PROGRAM

Methodology and Limitations: Patient-level detail (e.g., number of beneficiaries, diagnoses, patients using more than one prescription) was not provided; therefore, utilization was assessed per product and not per product and indication over one calendar year (2019). Differences in how medicines may be covered in different Medicaid plans and what access restrictions may exist were not accounted for. This work was done on behalf of PhRMA. Xcenda maintained control over methodology and editorial content.

26% of New Yorkers are covered by Medicaid and CHIP.


4 in 9 New Yorkers with disabilities receive their health care coverage through Medicaid.