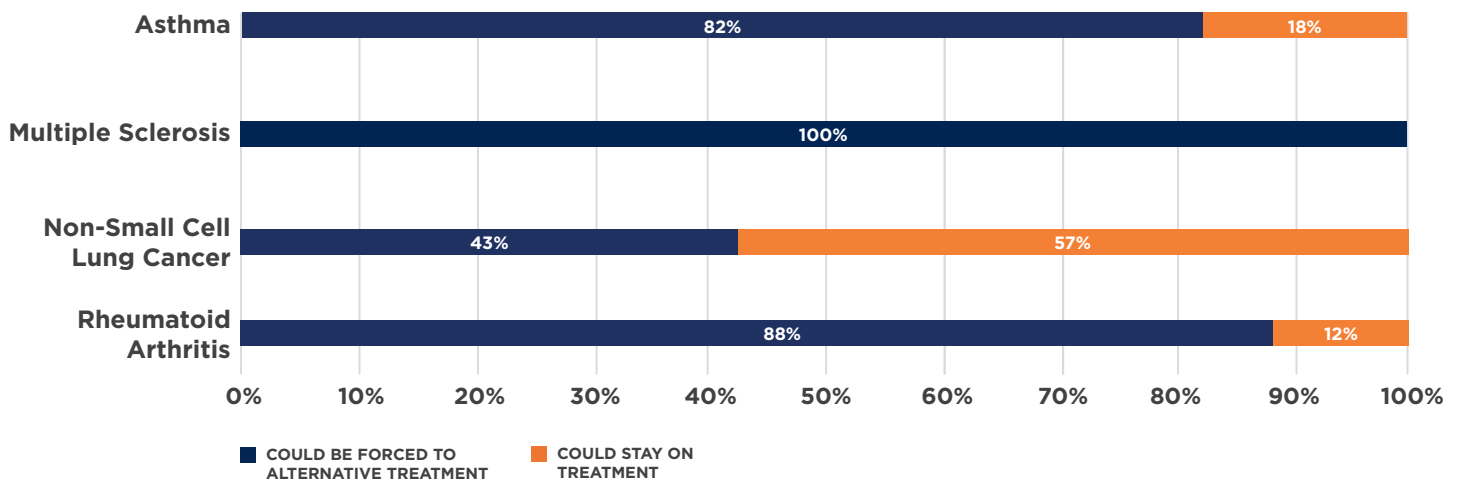


APPLYING ICER ASSESSMENTS IN COLORADO COULD LIMIT PATIENTS' ACCESS TO MEDICINES

If Health First Colorado—Colorado's Medicaid program—relied on one-size-fits-all value assessments like those conducted by the Institute for Clinical and Economic Review (ICER), it could put patient access to medicines in jeopardy, including for diseases like cancer and multiple sclerosis.

15,044 prescriptions per year could face restrictions if Health First Colorado used an ICER-like standard

PRESCRIPTIONS THAT MAY BE SUBJECT TO ACCESS RESTRICTIONS UNDER AN ICER-BASED FORMULARY IN HEALTH FIRST COLORADO



Xcenda. "Impact analysis of ICER-based formulary implementation in Medicaid." December 2020.

20%

of Coloradans are covered by Medicaid and CHIP

1 in 3

Coloradans with disabilities receive their health care coverage through Medicaid

Kaiser Family Foundation. "Medicaid in Colorado." October 2019.

Methodology and Limitations: Patient-level detail (e.g., number of beneficiaries, diagnoses, patients using more than one prescription) was not provided; therefore, utilization was assessed per product and not per product and indication over one calendar year (2019). Differences in how medicines may be covered in different Medicaid plans and what access restrictions may exist were not accounted for. This work was done on behalf of PhRMA. Xcenda maintained control over methodology and editorial content.

VISIT WWW.PHRMA.ORG/VALUE-COLLABORATIVE FOR MORE INFORMATION.

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